Lecture 2
Adolf Hitler and the Birth of National Socialism

I. Introduction

II. Hitler’s Ancestry, Background, Youth and Early Influences
   A. A Jewish Grandfather?
   B. Hitler’s Parents
   C. Childhood in Linz
      1. A Missing Testicle?
      2. Failure in School
      3. Karl May and Richard Wagner
   D. Vienna Experiences
      1. Ringstrasse and Architecture
      2. Failure at Art Academy
      3. Schönerer vs. Lueger
      4. Flophouse Existence and Draft Dodging

III. Munich-Schwabing: A Cultural Crucible
   A. Schwabing and Schlawiner
      1. Café Stefanie (“Café Grössenwahn”)
      2. Modern Life Society
      3. Oskar Panizza
      4. Simplicissimus
      5. Die Elf Scharfrichter
      6. Countess Franziska (“Fanny”) zu Reventlow
   B. Hitler in Schwabing
      1. Failure as a Painter
      2. “A Brother”
      3. Bavarian Declaration of War

IV. Hitler in World War I
   A. Joining Up
   B. A Message-Runner on the Front
   C. Armistice at Pasewalk Hospital

V. Postwar Bavaria and Birth of the Nazi Party
   A. Hitler’s Postwar Military Career
      1. Assignment to Military Intelligence and Propaganda Unit
      2. Hitler’s Left-leaning Political Views
3. Courses at University: “I Can Speak”
4. Hitler as Military Lecturer

B. The German Workers Party (DAP) and NSDAP (Nazis)
   1. Hitler Becomes a Politician
   2. November, 1920 Hofbräuhaus Rally and 25-Point Program
   3. The DAP Becomes the NSDAP; the Swastika
   4. Rapid Growth of Nazi Party: The SA and Ernst Röhm
   5. Franco-Belgian Occupation of the Ruhr Valley, 1923
   6. Hitler’s Conservative Munich Helpers: Hanfstaengl, Bechsteins, Bruckmanns and Wagners

VI. To the Feldherrnhalle: The Beer Hall Putsch and its Consequences
   A. “An Ace with a Pour le Mérite”: Hermann Göring Comes Aboard
   B. May Day 1923 Fiasco
   C. Article 48 in Bavaria: von Kahr Takes Control
   D. Hitler and Houston Stewart Chamberlain
   E. The Abortive Putsch, November 9/10, 1923
   F. The Hitler Trial, 1924
   G. Landsberg Prison, Mein Kampf