

Pink Tide in Latin America -- 1998-2017

- 1) Venezuela – Hugo Chávez elected 1998, reelected in 2000 (under new constitution), survived coup in 2002. Re-elected in 2006 and 2012; remained in power until his 2013 death. His designated successor Nicolás Maduro elected in 2013, faces major opposition and crisis
- 2) Brazil – Lula (Luís Ignacio da Silva), Workers' Party elected 2002, re-elected 2006. His successor Dilma Rousseff elected in 2010, re-elected 2014, but ousted in right-wing parliamentary coup in 2016
- 3) Argentina – Néstor Kirchner (left Peronist) elected 2003. His wife and successor Cristina Fernández de Kirchner elected in 2007 and 2011, but lost 2015 election to neoliberal, rightist Mauricio Macri.
- 4) Uruguay – Tabaré Vázquez, Frente Amplio (incl. Tupamaros), elected 2005. His successor José Mujica elected 2010, Vázquez elected again 2015.
- 5) Bolivia – Evo Morales, Movement for Socialism and indigenous leader, elected 2005, re-elected 2009 and 2014. Narrowly lost 2016 referendum enabling him to run for 4th term.
- 6) Chile – Michelle Bachelet, Socialist Party elected 2006 -- semi-progressive/semi-neoliberal – only slightly more progressive (though definitely more human rights-oriented) than previous SP neoliberal govts. Lost to conservative in 2010, Bachelet elected again 2014. **NB: Chile defined by 1980s "pacted transition" to democracy in 1980s, vs. mobilizational (e.g. Lula/PT in Brazil)
- 7) Nicaragua – Daniel Ortega, FSLN, elected 2006, re-elected 2011 and 2016
- 8) Honduras – Manuel Zelaya, traditional Liberal Party, elected 2006, subsequently became populist and developed closer ties to Chávez/Venezuela, ousted by military coup 2009; extreme conservatives in power by coup (and then elections) since 2009
- 9) Ecuador – Rafael Correa, PAIS left alliance, elected 2006, re-elected 2009 (under new constitution) and 2013. His left successor Lenin Moreno elected 2017
- 10) Paraguay -- leftist priest Fernando Lugo elected 2008, ousted by military coup 2012
- 11) El Salvador – Mauricio Funes, backed by FMLN, elected 2009, Salvador Sánchez Cerén of 1980s FMLN leadership elected 2014
- 12) Guatemala – social democrat (UNE) Manuel Colom elected 2007, right-wing military government elected in 2011 and in 2015 -- amidst major social uprisings in 2015
- 13) Costa Rica – Luís Guillermo Solís, center-left Citizens Action Party, elected 2014

BRAVA PRESENTS



Observando al Observador

A documentary film by Malena Juanatey

Wednesday, June 21

Observando al Observador (Observing the Observer) tells the story of two US citizens, Olga Talamante and Patricia Erb, who were detained and tortured in Argentina during the country's "Dirty War" of the 1970s and 1980s. The multi-faceted documentary delves into the personal narratives of Talamante and Erb as well as examines and analyzes the relationship between the United States and Argentina during the last military dictatorship. The film is narrated by first time director, Malena Juanatey, a young woman who came up in the aftermath of the dictatorship, when Argentina was returning to democracy. The film is in Spanish with English subtitles.

Following the screening, join us for a panel discussion with filmmaker Malena Juanatey, Olga Talamante, the Executive

Director of the Chicana/Latina Foundation, KPOO's Chelis López, CARECEN SF Executive Director Lariza Dugan-Cuadra, and playwright and poet Marisela Treviño Orta